§ 80.205

§80.205 How is the annual refinery or importer average and corporate pool average sulfur level determined?

(a) The annual refinery or importer average and corporate pool average gasoline sulfur level is calculated as follows:

$$S_a = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_i \times S_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} V_i}$$

Where:

 S_a = The refinery or importer annual average sulfur level, or corporate pool average level, as applicable.

V_i=The volume of gasoline produced or imported in batch i.

S_i=The sulfur content of batch i determined under §80.330.

n=The number of batches of gasoline produced or imported during the averaging period

i=Individual batch of gasoline produced or imported during the averaging period.

- (b) All annual refinery or importer average or corporate pool average calculations shall be conducted to two decimal places.
- (c) A refiner or importer may include oxygenate added downstream from the refinery or import facility when calculating the sulfur content, provided the following requirements are met:
- (1) For oxygenate added to conventional gasoline, the refiner or importer must comply with the requirements of \$80.101(d)(4)(ii).
- (2) For oxygenate added to RBOB, the refiner or importer must comply with the requirements of \$80.69(a).
- (d) Refiners and importers must exclude from compliance calculations all of the following:
- (1) Gasoline that was not produced at the refinery;
- (2) In the case of an importer, gasoline that was imported as Certified Sulfur-FRGAS:
- (3) Blending stocks transferred to others:
- (4) Gasoline that has been included in the compliance calculations for another refinery or importer; and
- (5) Gasoline exempted from standards under $\S 80.200$.

- (e)(1) A refiner or importer may exceed the refinery or importer annual average sulfur standard specified in §80.195 for a given averaging period for any calendar year through 2010, creating a compliance deficit, provided that in the calendar year following the year the standard is not met, the refinery or importer shall:
- (i) Achieve compliance with the refinery or importer annual average sulfur standard specified in §80.195; and
- (ii) Use additional sulfur credits sufficient to offset the compliance deficit of the previous year.
- (2) No refiner or importer may have a compliance deficit in any year after 2010. Any deficit that exists in 2010 must be made up in 2011.

[65 FR 6823, Feb. 10, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 40182, June 12, 2002]

§ 80.210 What sulfur standards apply to gasoline downstream from refineries and importers?

The sulfur standard for gasoline at any point in the gasoline distribution system downstream from refineries and import facilities, including gasoline at facilities of distributors, carriers, oxygenate blenders, retailers and wholesale purchaser-consumers ("downstream location"), shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- (a) Definition. S-RGAS means gasoline that is subject to the standards under §80.240 or §80.270, including Certified Sulfur-FRGAS as defined in §80.410, except that no batch of gasoline may be classified as S-RGAS if the actual sulfur content is less than the applicable per-gallon refinery cap standard specified in §80.195.
- (b) Standards for gasoline that does not qualify for S-RGAS downstream standards. The following standards apply to any gasoline that does not qualify for S-RGAS downstream standards under in paragraph (d) of this section:
- (1) Starting February 1, 2004 the sulfur content of gasoline at any downstream location other than at a retail outlet or wholesale purchaser-consumer facility, and starting March 1, 2004 the sulfur content of gasoline at any downstream location, shall not exceed 378 ppm.